the best interests of the Department, then withdrawal shall be effective upon receipt of the Board's notice of withdrawal.

- (ii) If the Board does not determine that immediate action is necessary according to paragraph (e)(2)(i) of this section, then withdrawal shall be effective either:
- (A) Upon the expiration of the 30-day period specified in §25.8, if the mort-gagee has not requested a hearing; or
- (B) Upon receipt of the Board's decision under §25.8, if the mortgagee requests a hearing.

[60 FR 685, Jan. 9, 1995, as amended at 65 FR 9087, Feb. 23, 2000]

## § 25.6 Notice of violation.

- (a) General. The Chairperson of the Board, or the Chairperson's designee, shall issue a written notice to the mortgagee at least thirty days prior to taking any probation, suspension or withdrawal action against a mortgagee. The notice shall state the specific violations that have been alleged, and shall direct the mortgagee to reply in writing to the Board within thirty days after receipt of the notice by the mortgagee. The notice shall also provide the address to which the response shall be sent. If the mortgagee fails to reply during such time period, the Board may make a determination without considering any comments of the mortgagee.
- (b) Mortgagee's response. The mortgagee's response to the Board shall be in a format prescribed by the Secretary and shall not exceed 15 double-spaced typewritten pages. The response shall include an executive summary, a statement of the facts surrounding the matter, an argument and a conclusion. A more lengthy submission, including documents and other exhibits, may be simultaneously submitted to Board staff for review.
- (c) Exception for immediate suspension. If the Board determines that there exists adequate evidence that immediate action is required to protect the financial interests of the Department or the public, the Board may take a suspen-

sion action without having previously issued a notice of violation.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under Control Number 2502–0450)

[57 FR 31051, July 13, 1992, as amended at 65 FR 9087, Feb. 23, 2000]

## §25.7 Notice of administrative action.

Whenever the Board takes an action to issue a letter of reprimand, to place a mortgagee on probation, or to suspend or withdraw a mortgagee's approval, the Board shall promptly notify the mortgagee in writing of the determination. Except for a letter of reprimand, the notice shall describe the nature and duration of the administrative action, shall specifically state the violations, and shall set forth the findings of the Board. The notice shall inform the mortgagee of its right to a hearing, pursuant to §25.8, regarding the administrative action (except for a letter of reprimand) and of the manner and time in which to request a hearing. A supplemental notice may be issued in the discretion of the Board to add or modify the reasons for the action.

[60 FR 39237, Aug. 1, 1995]

## §25.8 Hearings and hearing request.

- (a) Hearing request. A mortgagee that is issued a probation, suspension, or withdrawal action is entitled to a hearing on the record. The mortgagee shall submit its request for a hearing within 30 days of receiving the Board's notice of administrative action. The request shall be addressed to the Board Docket Clerk, Department of Housing and Urban Development, 451 7th Street SW., Washington, DC 20410. The request shall specifically respond to the violations set forth in the notice of administrative action. If the mortgagee fails to request a hearing within 30 days after receiving the notice of administrative action, the Board's action shall become final.
- (b) Procedural rules. The hearing official shall hold a de novo hearing within 30 days of HUD's receipt of the mortgagee's request, unless the mortgagee requests a later hearing date. The mortgagee or its representative shall be afforded an opportunity to appear, submit documentary evidence, present witnesses, and confront any witness